



## ANSI/SPRI Standards ANSI/SPRI WD-1 Design Standard Practices for Roofing Assemblies ANSI/SPRI RP-4\* ANSI/SPRI RP-14 ANSI/SPRI IA-1 ANSI/SPRI IA-1 \*referenced in the International Building Code

#### ANSI/SPRI WD-1 - Wind Design Standard Practice for Roofing Assemblies

Document assists in verifying the <u>process</u> to meet the building code associated to uplift pressures for roofing:

ASCE 7 Design Load (PSF) 

Includes rational analysis methods for determining enhancement of perimeter and corner fastening (if necessary)

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#### Rationale Analysis Method for Perimeters and Corners of Adhered Assemblies

Rationale analysis method is not necessary, when tested load capacity (not factored) is greater than the design load

Example:

Tested Load pressures is 90-psf. Zone 3 Design Load pressures have been calculated to -64.6-psf.

Since 90-psf > -64.6-psf, no enhancements would be necessary.

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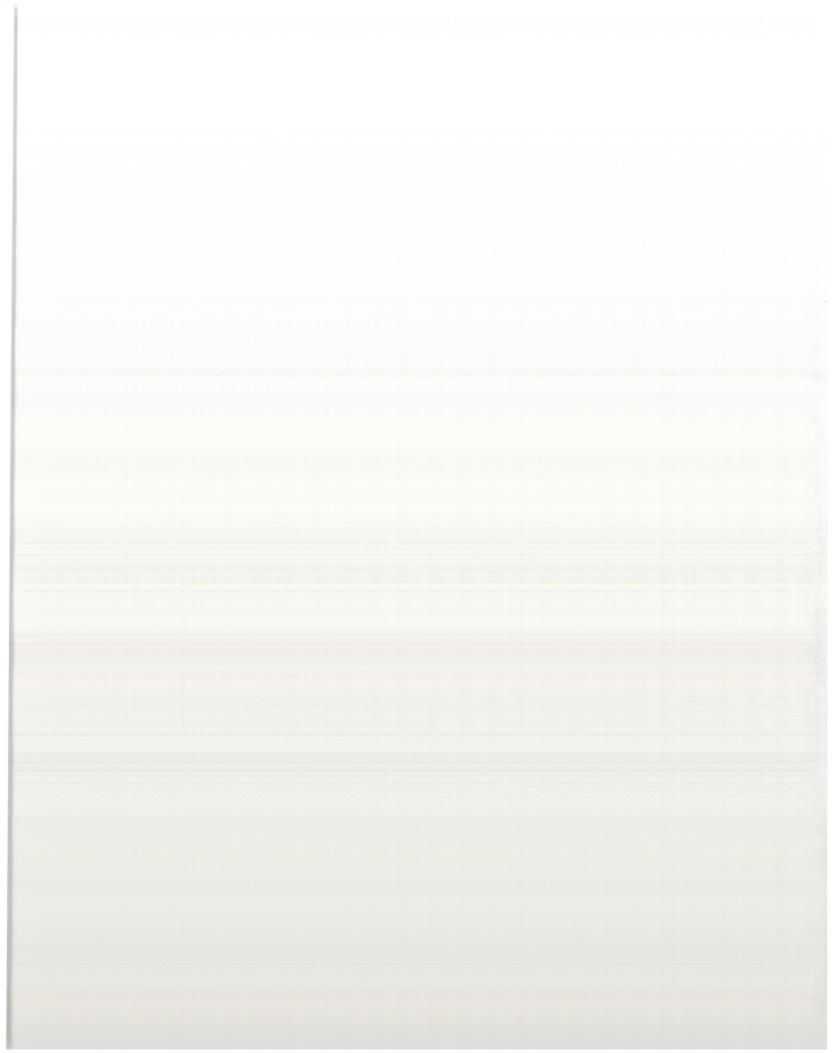
Select an appropriate roofing system

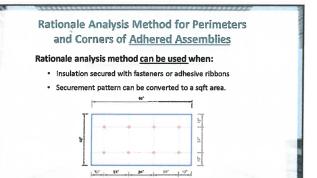
#### Chapter 15, Section 1504.4.1 IBC

Assemblies are tested by following one of the following:

- ANSI/FM 4474 (12'x24' or 5'x9' size tables)
- UL 580 (10'x10' size table)
- UL 1897 (10'x10' or 12'x24')

Results are Tested Loaded Assemblies in lbs/sqft.





**Adhered Membrane Assemblies** with Insulation Secured with **Insulation Fasteners and Plates** 

**Fastened Insulation** 

Increase fasteners per the following formula:

#### $Fn = (Ft \times Ld)/Lt$

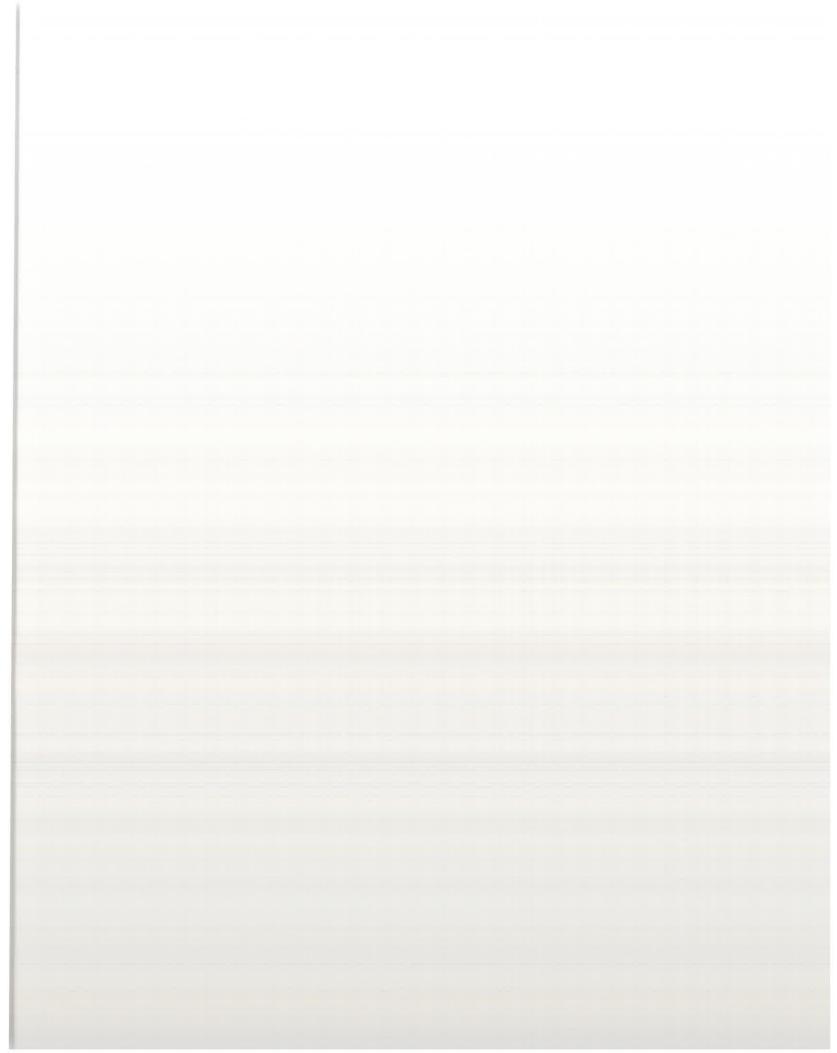
- Fn = # of fasteners to meet design load
- Ft = # of fasteners used to achieve tested load
- Ld = Design load for perimeter or corner
- Lt = Tested load

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## Adhered assembly with

mechanically attached insulation Roof Assembly Tested Load is 90-psf Assembly uses 2-inch foam plastic insulation secured to the deck using 1 fastener every 4 ft<sup>2</sup> [8 fasteners per 4'x8' size board] | Design Loads in lbs/sqft | | Bidg. Ht., ft. | Zone 1' | Zone 1 | Zone 2 | Zone 3 | | 60 | -40.8 | -71.0 | -93.7 | -127.7



## Adhered Membrane Assembly with fastened insulation $Fn = (Ft \times Ld)/Lt$ Zone 2 Zone 3 • $F_n = (F_t \times L_d)/L_t$ • $F_n = ($

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## Rational Analysis Method Adhered assembly with Ribbon/Bead Adhesive Attached Insulation Ribbons/beads of an adhesive spacing equation: Rn = Rt/(Ld/Lt): Where: Rn = Adhesive spacing to meet the design load Rt = Adhesive spacing to achieve the tested load Ld = Design Load for the perimeter or corner Lt = Tested Load

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# Adhered assembly with ribbon/bead adhesive attached insulation Roof Assembly Tested Load is 90-psf System uses 2-inch foam plastic insulation adhered using ribbon/bead adhesive spaced 12-inches Design Loads in ibs/sqft Bldg. Ht., ft. Zone 1' Zone 1 Zone 2 Zone 3 60 -40.8 -71.0 -93.7 -127.7

#### Adhered assembly with ribbon/bead adhesive attached insulation Rn = Rt / (Ld/Lt)Zone 2: R<sub>n</sub> = R<sub>t</sub> /(L<sub>d</sub> / L<sub>t</sub>) R<sub>n</sub> = 12-inches/(93.7 psf ÷ 90 psf) • = 11-inches (rounded down) Zone 3: • $R_n = R_t / (L_d / L_t)$ R<sub>n</sub> = 12-inches/(127.7 psf ÷ 90 psf)

**Rationale Analysis Method Mechanically Attached Membranes Linear Securement** (Rows Spacing)

 $RS_n = (L_t / L_d) \times RS_t$ 

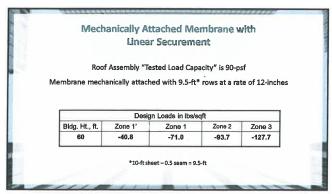
Where Fastener Spacing stays the same:

= 8-inches (rounded down)

RS<sub>n</sub> = Fastening Row Spacing (ft)
L<sub>=</sub> = Tested load capacity
RS<sub>t</sub> = Tested Row Spacing (ft)
L<sub>d</sub> = Design load for the Zone 1, 2 and 3

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#### Mechanically Attached Membrane (Linear) $RS_n = (L_t / L_d) \times RS_t$ Zone 2 • $RS_n = (L_t / L_d) \times RS_t$ RS<sub>n</sub> = (90-psf / 93.7-psf) x 9.5-ft = 9-ft rows (round down) Zone 3 • $RS_n = (L_t/L_d) \times RS_t$ RS<sub>n</sub> = (90-psf / 127.7-psf) x 9.5-ft

**Rationale Analysis Method Mechanically** 

• = 6-ft rows (round down)

 $FS_n = ((L_t \times FS_t) / L_d) \times 12$ -inches

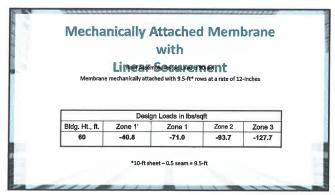
**Attached Membranes Linear Securement** (Fastening Spacing)

Where Fastener Spacing stays the same:

- FS<sub>n</sub> = Fastening Spacing in seam (ft)
  L<sub>=</sub> = Tested load capacity
  FS<sub>t</sub> = Tested Fastening Spacing in seam (ft)
  L<sub>d</sub> = Design load for the perimeter or corner

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### Mechanically Attached Membranes Linear Securement (Fastening Spacing)

#### $FS_n = ((L_t \times FS_t)/L_d) \times 12$ -inches)

#### Zone 2:

- $FS_n = ((L_t \times FS_t) / L_d) \times 12$ -inches
- FS<sub>n</sub> = ((90-psf x 1-ft) / 93.7-psf) x 12-inches
- = 11-inches (round down)

- FS<sub>n</sub> = ((L<sub>t</sub> x FS<sub>t</sub>) / L<sub>d</sub>) x 12-inches
- FS<sub>n</sub> = ((90-psf x 1-ft) / 127.7-psf) x 12-inches
- = 8-inches (round down)

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### Rationale Analysis Method for Induction Welded Membranes Induction Plates and Fasteners:

Increase Induction Plates & fasteners per the following formula: Fn = (Ft x Ld)/Lt

- Fn = # of plates & fasteners to meet design load
- Ft = # of plates & fasteners used to achieve tested load
- Ld = Design load for perimeter or corner
- Lt = Tested load

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### Induction Welded Membrane Roof Assembly Tested Load is 90-psf Membrane induction welded to 6 plates and fasteners per 4'x8' size board



#### Induction Welded Plates and Fasteners attaching insulation Fn = (Ft x Ld)/Lt

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#### Zone 2

- F<sub>n</sub> = (F<sub>t</sub> x L<sub>d</sub>)/L<sub>t</sub>
- F<sub>n</sub> = (6 fasteners x 93.7-psf) ÷ 90-psf
- = 7 fasteners per board (rounded up)

#### Zone 3

- F<sub>n</sub> = (F<sub>t</sub> x L<sub>d</sub>)/L<sub>t</sub>
- F<sub>n</sub> = (6 fasteners x 127.7-psf) ÷ 90-psf
- = 9 fasteners per board (rounded up)

